FORMAT			
1. Name of resource	Energy Communication Too	lkit	
2. Location	https://www.sciencemuseumgroup.org.uk/project/commu		
	nicating-material-cultures-of-energy-five-challenges-for-		
	energy-		
	communication/#:~:text=The	e%20Energ	y%20Communicatio
	n%20Toolkit%20is,researche	rs%20acro	ss%20fields%20and
	%20disciplines.		
3. Alternative location	http://www7.bbk.ac.uk/mce/research/energy-		
	communication/		
4. Author[s]	H. Shin and H. Chappells		
5. Publisher/producer/	Science Museum Group		
host			
6. Year	2021		
7. Suggested citation	Shin and Chappells (2021), E	nergy Com	munication Toolkit.
8. Languages in which	English	-	
available	-		
9. Geographic area	United Kingdom, but with global relevance		
resource relates to			
10. Does the resource			
relate to a specific			
time frame?			
11. Type	Report		
	Toolkit/Framework/Roadma	р	Yes
	Sign-post to other resource (database)		
	Case studies		Yes
	Other		
12. If this is part of an	"This toolkit has been developed as part of the		
initiative, what is the	Communicating Material Cultures of Energy (C-MCE)		
initiative?	project, based in the Science	Museum,	London and Birkbeck
	College, University of London, conducted between 2018		
	and 2019" (p.3).		
COLLECTIONS AND COLLECTI			
13. Explicit links to	Yes		
collections			
14. Explicit links to	Yes		
museums/libraries/a			
rchives			
15. Types of institutions			
the resource covers	Archives	Х	
	Libraries	Х	
	Other	Х	
16. Does the resource	Arts, humanities and	Χ	
relate to specific	social sciences:		
disciplines?	philosophy, psychology,		
	religion, social sciences,		
	law, politics, language,		
	arts and recreation,		

	architecture, literature, history, geography and ethnology, anthropology,	
	archaeology	
	Science, natural history,	
	technology, medicine,	
	engineering, manufacturing	
17. If no explicit links to	illaliulacturilig	
collections,		
justification for		
inclusion		
HOW IT CONTRIBUTES TO SU	STAINABLE DEVELOPMENT	
18. Collections-related ac	tivities the resource relates to)
	ct and safeguard wider cultura	
	vely, for example by targeting	
	s of heritage in strategic ways	
Use collections to promote le		X
• •	e to sustainable development	
	ation for sustainable developm	nent
and sustainable lifestyles, hur promotion of a culture of pea		
•	of cultural diversity and of cultural	ıre's
contribution to sustainable de	•	
development relating to colle		
	ultural participation/social inc	clusion X
more effectively, for example	e by reducing barriers to	
participation, to ensure no-or	ne is 'left behind'	
•	ustainable tourism more effec	- 1
, , ,	w products based on local cult	
	the rights of stakeholder group	os in
relation to collections		
Use collections to support re		
sustainable development (income self-directed research at all le	cluding all forms of personal ar	iu
	for example by providing effec	rtivo
	rmation to meet researchers' r	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ctions that contribute to susta	
development more effective		
•	uiting, staff training, staff safet	cy)
	on, greenhouse gas emissions,	
reduction, monito	ring and reporting	
iii. waste managemer	nt and reduction of waste	
iv. transport (forms o	f transport, energy use)	
	ies including copyright and IP	
vi. governance and m		
vii. security, disaster p	preparedness and risk reduction	n

Direct external leadership, partnerships and collaborations		
towards sustainable development more effectively, for example		
•		
by developing impactful partnerships		
19. Does the resource relate clearly to any international conventions (mark all that		
apply)?		
Culture conventions:		
1952, 71 Protection of Copyright and Neighbouring Rights		
1954 Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed		
Conflict		
1970 Fighting Against the Illicit Trafficking of Cultural Property		
1972 Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage		
2001 Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage		
2003 Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage		
2005 Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural		
Expressions		
Rio Conventions:		
Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), Convention to Combat		
Desertification (UNCCD), Framework Convention on Climate		
Change (UNFCCC)		

AIMS AND CONTENT

20. What issues does the resource aim to address?

"Despite the broadening of the energy communication field, few extant studies have shed light on the inherent challenges associated with the act of communicating energy issues. Foregrounding such challenges would be of interest to those who are involved directly in energy communication, as well as those who want to understand how energy-related knowledge is communicated in society. As an initial examination of this topic, this toolkit primarily takes stock of insights derived from contemporary communication practices, but it is also informed by recent research from the field of communication studies and the social science of energy. As much as this toolkit contributes to the understanding of what it means to communicate energy, it is first and foremost intended to help energy communicators reflect on how they communicate energy. An interactive toolkit format is adopted because energy communication is very much a practice-oriented field. This toolkit introduces some theoretical concepts and insights to readers, but our main concern is to encourage users to experiment, play with, modify and act upon the ideas and templates provided in ways that inform their practice of energy communication. Designed in this way, the toolkit bridges the gap between ideas and practice, between textbookstyle instructions and the trial and error of learning by doing. The tools provided in each chapter act as templates to help communicators anticipate challenges prior to implementing an energy communication project. Equally,

these tools can be used to identify issues during or after a project in order to improve future communication.

Another envisaged use of the toolkit is to increase readers' understanding of energy communication as a distinctive field and to appreciate the value of approaching this communication challenge as a dynamic and participatory process.

A core premise underlying this toolkit is that better communication of energy issues can be achieved by understanding the distinctive characteristics of energy and how it is encountered within society in diverse ways. The following four energy characteristics are identified as fundamental issues that comprise the main challenges for energy communication:

- 1. Energy is a technical subject that is also related to everyday life.
- 2. Energy has both visible and invisible dimensions.
- 3. Energy use is mediated by material objects.
- 4. Energy is a public and social concern.

The five tools in this toolkit are designed to address these four issues from a communication perspective; however, they are not intended to tell readers how to conduct energy communication. Rather, they are intended to be used as a set of adaptive methods to help communicators reflect on their communicative practices by using their own projects as examples. The exercises also offer somewhat unconventional methods through which to plan and review communication projects in order to reconsider the fundamental question of how to approach energy communication" (p.5-7).

21. Intended audience of resource

Energy communicators, such as "local energy campaigners ... curators of science museums, academic researchers, educators, artists, policymakers and energy-conscious citizens" (p.5).

22. Process of development

"This toolkit has been developed as part of the Communicating Material Cultures of Energy (CMCE) project, based in the Science Museum, London and Birkbeck College, University of London, conducted between 2018 and 2019. The project served as a platform for a multidisciplinary dialogue between academics and practitioners concerning public communication of energy-related information. With partners and collaborators drawn from diverse communication sectors, the project organisers facilitated a series of knowledge exchange sessions and a conference to discuss the core challenges facing energy communicators in the UK and beyond.

23. Organisation/structure/contents	The contents and tools herein are based on the insights and information gained through the CMCE project. The authors acknowledge the generous support and assistance from project participants, who shared invaluable knowledge and practical observations based on their real life experiences in designing and implementing communication projects, campaigns and trials. Participants also provided opportunities to experience their innovative communication activities first-hand during interactive sessions at the final C-MCE conference event" (p.3). About this toolkit Introduction: Communication Matters 1. Scoping an Energy Communication Project Tool 1: Project Mapping 2. Knowing Energy	
	Tool 2: Energy Glossary	
	3. Visible/Invisible Energy	
	Tool 3: Communication Mood Board	
	4. Energy Objects and Communication	
	Tool 4: Boundary Objects Diagram	
	5. Engaging the Public with Energy Communication	
	Final Remarks Tool Fr Bublic Engagement Spectrum and Matrix	
FRAMEWORKS	Tool 5: Public Engagement Spectrum and Matrix	
24. Framework		
structure		
25. Relevant policy	No	
considerations		
26. Resources for	Yes	
implementation		
identified		
27. Specific assessment	No	
points/indicators/mi		
lestones/action plan		
for monitoring		
28. ASPECTS OF SUSTAINABILITY COVERED BY RESOURCE (mark all that apply)		
People (social sustainability)	X	
Planet (environmental	X	
sustainability)		
Prosperity (economic		
sustainability)		
Peace		
Partnerships		
	SIDERATIONS COVERED BY RESOURCE (mark all that apply)	
Gender perspectives		
North and South		
perspectives	IDUTES TO A SENDA 2000 AND THE SEC	
HOW THE RESOURCE CONTR	IBUTES TO AGENDA 2030 AND THE SDGs	

HOW AGENDA 2030 AND TH	E SDGs FEATURE IN THE RESOURCE
30. SDGs and Agenda	No
2030 specifically	
mentioned?	
31. SDGs specifically	No
mentioned?	
32. SDG targets	No
specifically	
mentioned?	N
33. SDG indicators	No
specifically mentioned?	
SDGs AND SDG TARGETS ANI	DINKAGES
34. Comments on SDG	This resource's aims to improve science communication of
linkages	energy topics supports 4.4 (skills for work) 4.7 (education
age3	for sustainable development), and 12.8 (climate change
	education).
	Its focus on the audience perspectives supports 10.2 (social
	inclusion) and advocating for a dynamic and participatory
	communication process supports 16.7 (responsive,
	inclusive, participatory and representative decision making).
	the resource helps advance
SDG 4. Ensure inclusive and	Number of young people and adults in skills-development
equitable quality education	activities and programmes drawing on collections, for
and promote lifelong	employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
learning opportunities for	
all	
4.4 By 2030, substantially	Increase in number of young people and adults in such
increase the number of	programmes
youth and adults who have	
relevant skills, including	
technical and vocational	Number and proportion of staff who have received training
skills, for employment,	in the last year, to better support their contribution to the
decent jobs and	SDGs.
entrepreneurship	
	Programs and processes to ensure the availability of a
	skilled workforce. (GRI)
	Average hours of training per year per employee by gender,
	and by employee category. (GRI)

	Total estimated number of individuals receiving training from the company as a result of the initiative. (e.g. employees, suppliers, distributors) (Business Call to Action)
SDG 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all 4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development,	Numbers of people in each type of programme drawing on collections from different demographic groups. Increases in numbers of people in each type of programme from different demographic groups. Proportion of people involved in such programmes in relation to overall audience size.
including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development	Evidence that learners have acquired knowledge and skills to promote sustainable development.
SDG 10. Reduce inequality within and between countries 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social,	Collections development to ensure that collections effectively meet the needs of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status.
economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	Numbers and proportions of people making use of collections in relation to the demographic of the local population
	Numbers and proportions of people involved in focused programmes aimed at promoting social, economic and political inclusion

Numbers and proportions of people from different demographic groups involved in decision-making processes relating to collections and collections-based institutions Number and types of partnerships that build relationships with marginalized groups, individuals and communities. SDG 12 Ensure sustainable 12.8.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and consumption and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a) production patterns national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher 12.8 By 2030, ensure that education; and (d) student assessment people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for Extent to which global citizenship education and education sustainable development for sustainable development (including climate change and lifestyles in harmony education) are mainstreamed in formal, informal and nonwith nature formal education programmes and activities drawing on and related to collections. SDG 16. Promote peaceful 16.7.1 Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with and inclusive societies for disabilities and population groups) in public institutions sustainable development, (national and local legislatures, public service, and provide access to justice judiciary) compared to national distributions for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels. 16.7.2 Proportion of population [audience/users/nonusers] who believe decision-making is inclusive and 16.7 Ensure responsive, responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group inclusive, participatory and representative decisionmaking at all levels Decision-making addresses societal, environmental and economic challenges related to the community, considering short-term and long-term risks and opportunities. Decision-making draws on diverse backgrounds, viewpoints and interests, reflecting a broad base of stakeholders, and working to promote inclusion and provide effective services for all of society. 2 3 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17