FORMAT				
1. Name of resource	IUCN Red List of Threatened S	pecies		
2. Location	https://www.iucnredlist.org/			
3. Alternative location				
4. Author[s]				
5. Publisher/producer/ host	International Union for the Conservation of Nature (IUCN)			
6. Year				
7. Suggested citation	IUCN Red List of Threatened Species, available at https://www.iucnredlist.org/			
Languages in which available	English			
Geographic area resource relates to	Global			
10. Does the resource relate to a specific time frame?				
11. Туре	Report		Yes	
	Toolkit/Framework/Roadmap	Yes		
	Sign-post to other resource (database)		Yes	
	Case studies		Yes	
	Other		Yes online	
			training course,	
			videos	
12. Part of an initiative?				
COLLECTIONS AND COLLECTI	ONS-BASED INSTITUTIONS			
13. Explicit links to collections	No			
14. Explicit links to	No			
museums/libraries/a				
rchives				
15. Types of institutions	Museums X			
relevant to	Archives X			
	Libraries		X	
	Other		X	
16. Does the resource	Arts, humanities and social	X		
relate to specific	sciences: philosophy,			
disciplines?	psychology, religion, social			
	sciences, law, politics,			
	language, arts and			
	recreation, architecture, literature, history,			
	geography and ethnology,			
	anthropology, archaeology			
	Science, natural history,	X		
	Science, natural instury,	^		

	to should go a modising			
	technology, medicine, engineering, manufacturing			
17 If no explicit links to	<u> </u>	on the concentation status		
17. If no explicit links to	Red List is the leading resource on the conservation status			
collections,	of species of plants and animal	·		
justification for	collections-based institutions to			
inclusion	conservation status of species	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	materials are derived, and to sl	•		
	educational, research and part			
	understand which specimens/r	naterials may be at risk of		
	theft or other illegal activity.			
HOW IT CONTRIBUTES TO SU				
	tivities the resource relates to (
Develop collections to protect	ct and safeguard wider cultural	and X		
natural heritage more effecti	vely , for example by targeting			
collecting to threatened form	s of heritage in strategic ways			
Use collections to promote le	earning and educational	X		
opportunities that contribute	e to sustainable development m	nore		
effectively, for example educ	ation for sustainable developme	ent		
and sustainable lifestyles, hur	nan rights, gender equality,			
promotion of a culture of pea	ce and non-violence, global			
citizenship and appreciation of	of cultural diversity and of cultur	e's		
contribution to sustainable de	evelopment and/or skills develop	oment		
relating to collections				
Use collections to promote c	ultural participation/social inclu	ısion		
more effectively, for example	by reducing barriers to particip	ation,		
to ensure no-one is 'left behin	to ensure no-one is 'left behind'			
Use collections to promote s	ustainable tourism more effecti	vely,		
	w products based on local cultu			
	the rights of stakeholder groups			
relation to collections				
Use collections to support re	search that contributes to	Х		
	cluding all forms of personal and			
• ,	that make use of stored collecti			
	by providing effective facilities,	•		
collections and information to	,,			
	ctions that contribute to sustain	nable X		
development more effective				
	uiting, staff training, staff safety)		
	on, greenhouse gas emissions,			
reduction, monito				
	nt and reduction of waste			
	f transport, energy use)			
	ies including copyright and IP			
vi. governance and m	_	V		
vii. security, disaster preparedness and risk reduction Direct external leadership, partnerships and collaborations		X		
Direct external leadership, pa	artnerships and collaborations	X		

towards overtained to the	mant man off attack for a second			
by developing impactful parti	ment more effectively, for example			
, , , , , ,	ate clearly to any international conven	tions (mark all that		
apply)?		(
Culture conventions:				
1952, 71 Protection of Copyri	ght and Neighbouring Rights			
1954 Protection of Cultural P	roperty in the Event of Armed Conflict			
1970 Fighting Against the Illic	it Trafficking of Cultural Property			
	Cultural and Natural Heritage	X		
2001 Protection of the Under				
2003 Safeguarding of the Inta				
	on of the Diversity of Cultural			
Expressions				
Rio Conventions:	excita (CDD) Convention to Combat	V		
	ersity (CBD), Convention to Combat mework Convention on Climate	X		
Change (UNFCCC)	nework convention on climate			
AIMS AND CONTENT				
20. What issues does	"Established in 1964, the Internationa	al Union for		
the resource aim to	Conservation of Nature's Red List of T			
address?	has evolved to become the world's m	· •		
	information source on the global exti	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	animal, fungus and plant species			
	The IUCN Red List is a critical indicato	r of the health of the		
	world's biodiversity. Far more than a	list of species and		
	their status, it is a powerful tool to in	-		
	action for biodiversity conservation a	• •		
	critical to protecting the natural resou			
	survive. It provides information abou			
	size, habitat and ecology, use and/or			
	conservation actions that will help inf	form necessary		
	conservation decisions			
	The HICN Bed tiet is enveloped and each fee helping to identify			
	The IUCN Red List is crucial not only for helping to identify those species needing targeted recovery efforts, but also			
	for focusing the conservation agenda by identifying the key sites and habitats that need to be protected.			
Ultimately, The IUCN Red List helps to guide and inform				
future conservation and funding priorities." (Background				
and History)				
21. Intended audience	"The IUCN Red List is used by government agencies, wildlife			
of resource	departments, conservation-related non-governmental			
	organisations (NGOs), natural resource planners,			
	educational organisations, students, and the business			
community." (Background and History)				
22. Process of	"The Red List process has become a m	assive enterprise		

development	involving the IUCN Global Species Program staff, partner		
·	organisations and experts in the IUCN Species Survival		
	Commission and partner networks who compile the species		
	information to make The IUCN Red List the indispensable		
	product it is today." (Background and History)		
23. Organisation/structu	Search [species assessments] (by species, scientific)		
re/contents	name, region, etc.)		
5, 55 55	About		
	Background and history		
	Barometer of life		
	How the Red List is used		
	Red List Partnership		
	Red List Committee		
	• Sponsors		
	IUCN-Toyota Partnership		
	Regional Assessments		
	Citing the IUCN Red List		
	IUCN Green Status of Species		
	·		
	Searching the reservice floor		
	FAQs Assessment Process		
	Resources and Publications		
	Amazing species Cataliffs and a second sec		
	Scientific papersGuidelines and brochures		
	Photos and videos		
	Books Polated publications		
	Related publicationsTools		
	Red List training		
	Summary statistics		
EDAMEMODIC	Spatial data and mapping resources		
FRAMEWORKS			
24. Framework structure			
25. Relevant policy	Yes		
considerations	163		
26. Resources for	Yes		
implementation	163		
identified			
27. Specific assessment	Yes		
points/indicators/mi	163		
lestones/action plan			
for monitoring			
	ABILITY COVERED BY RESOURCE (mark all that apply)		
People (social	TOTAL TOTAL DE NESSONICE (Mark all that apply)		
1 copic (social			

sustainability)	
Planet (environmental	X
sustainability)	
Prosperity (economic	
sustainability)	
Peace	
Partnerships	X
29. CROSS-CUTTING CON	SIDERATIONS COVERED BY RESOURCE (mark all that apply)
Gender perspectives	N
North and South	Υ
perspectives	
HOW THE RESOURCE CONTR	IBUTES TO AGENDA 2030 AND THE SDGs
HOW AGENDA 2030 AND TH	E SDGs FEATURE IN THE RESOURCE
30. SDGs and Agenda	No
2030 specifically	
mentioned?	
31. SDGs specifically	No
mentioned?	
32. SDG targets	No
specifically	
mentioned?	
33. SDG indicators	No
specifically	
mentioned?	
SDGs AND SDG TARGETS ANI	
34. Comments on SDG	The resource is most closely linked with SDG 11.4
linkages	(strengthen efforts to protect the world's cultural and
	natural heritage) and targets in SDGs 14 and 15, for
	example 14.2 (sustainable use and conservation of marine
	areas), 14.A (supporting marine scientific research) and
	15.5 (protecting and preventing extinction of threatened
	species). As an important information resource, the Red
	List supports SDG targets on education on biodiversity
	(SDGS 4.7, 12.8 and 13.3) and 16.10 (access to
	information).
_	the resource helps advance
SDG 4. Ensure inclusive and	
equitable quality education	Numbers of people in each type of programme drawing on
and promote lifelong	collections from different demographic groups.
learning opportunities for	
all	Increases in numbers of people in each type of programme
4.7 By 2030, ensure that all	from different demographic groups.
learners acquire the	Dranartian of name involved in such assessment in
knowledge and skills	Proportion of people involved in such programmes in
needed to promote	relation to overall audience size.
sustainable development,	

including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and nonviolence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development

Evidence that learners have acquired knowledge and skills to promote sustainable development.

SDG 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage

11.4.1 Total expenditure (public and private) per capita spent on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by type of heritage

Plans, policies and procedures in place for the safe use of collections for a variety of purposes, protecting and safeguarding both collections and those who use them.

Plans, policies and procedures in place for the identification, safeguarding and protection of cultural and natural heritage at risk.

Collecting programmes in place to protect, safeguard and make use of cultural and natural heritage, addressing the needs of communities and stakeholders, and ensuring that collections can be an effective resource for sustainable development.

Number and diversity of educational, awareness-raising, research programmes, and partnerships that aim to strengthen protection of cultural and natural heritage.

SDG 12 Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature

12.8.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment

Extent to which global citizenship education and education for sustainable development (including climate change education) are mainstreamed in formal, informal and nonformal education programmes and activities drawing on

	and related to collections.	
sDG 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts 13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning	Plans in place to enhance positive contributions to addressing climate change through use of collections. Plan in place to ensure collections, collections institutions and broader society can adapt effectively to climate change. Plans in place for effective education and awareness raisin on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning. Plans in place to reduce negative contributions of collections-related functions, e.g. measuring greenhouse emissions with plans and targets in place to reduce them.	
SDG 14 Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development 14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans	Proportion of marine and coastal areas in a good ecological condition Numbers of educational and awareness-raising programmes, research activities, and partnerships drawing on collections aiming to support protection of marine and coastal areas.	
sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development 14.A Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and	Number of collections-related activities that aim to increase scientific knowledge, and develop research capacity for the conservation and management of marine biodiversity, and to support its sustainable use.	

to enhance the contribution

of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries **SDG 15 Protect, restore** and promote sustainable Number and proportion of habitats, notably endangered use of terrestrial habitats, and species with favourable conservation status, ecosystems, sustainably with special reference to locally, nationally and globally manage forests, combat endangered species. desertification, and halt Information on, programmes relating to, collections and reverse land degradation and halt development, and partnerships relating to habitats and biodiversity loss species drawing on collections in place, to support their 15.5 Take urgent and protection and continued existence. significant action to reduce the degradation of natural Measures taken to enhance biodiversity value of green habitats, halt the loss of space associated with collections institutions. biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species SDG 15 Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of Policies and plans in place to ensure objects and specimens of terrestrial ecosystems, protected species (for example ivory, rhino horn) in collections sustainably manage forests, are protected against theft and do not enter supply chains. combat desertification, and halt and reverse land Policies and plans in place to ensure that objects and specimens degradation and halt are only acquired in line with national and international biodiversity loss legislation, or with legal dispensation. 15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of Information on, programmes relating to, collections protected species of flora and development, and partnerships relating to poached and fauna and address both trafficked species, notably protected and endangered species, to demand and supply of illegal end poaching and trafficking. wildlife products SDG 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for Adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information. sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, Plans in place, and plans implemented to enhance public accountable and inclusive access to information relating to collections. institutions at all levels. 16.10 Ensure public access Plans in place, and plans implemented to support to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in line with human rights, national fundamental freedoms, in and international agreements and legislation.

accordance with national legislation and international agreements		Plans and procedures in place for public access to information relating to the operation and management of collections-based institutions. Complaint mechanism in place for public to use where public access to information and fundamental freedoms not supported or fulfilled.		nagement of se where	
1	2	3	<mark>4</mark>	5	6
7	8	9	10	<mark>11</mark>	<mark>12</mark>
			<mark>16</mark>	17	